NEW YORK HERALD, THESE WE SHEETER O MESSEELE SELECTE SEEKE

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

A Lively Day in Wall Street-Bulls and Bears Fairly at Work.

DECLINE IN PRICES.

Prospects of Active Business During the Week.

THE GOLD MARKET ANIMATED.

Money Streng and in Good Demand at 7 Per Cent, Currency and Gold.

REPORTED FAILURES.

Southern Securities and What They Are Worth.

RAILROAD BONDS AND EARNINGS.

WALL STREET, MONDAY, Sept. 8—6 P. M. \ On 'Change to-day wheat was less active. Prime

corn ruled firm, under a good demand. Oats were purchased freely for speculative purposes. Cotton on the spot advanced %c. "Futures" suffered a slight decline.
THE FOREIGN MARKET.

According to late London advices the foreign market is unperturbed by any influences that can be taken as a reflex of the transactions of this side. The rate of discount, however, in open market, for three months' bills, is 3% per cent, or % per cent higher than the rate of the Bank of England, showing a hardening tendency in money, and indicating, likewise, the probable action of the Governor and Board of Direction at the meeting on Thursday next. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank on balance to-day was £40,000. French rentes were weaker, the quotation being 58f. 15c. Consols and American securities were firm at the close. The following are the latest prices:-Consols for money, 92% a 92%; con. sols for account, 92% a 92%; five-twenty bonds of 1865, old, 95%; five-twenty bonds of 1867, 95%; tenderty bonds, 90% a 90%; new fives, 91% a 91%; Eric Railway shares, 47% a 47%; new French loan, '7% a 7%. The fluctuations in Erie to-day were but THE MONEY MARKET.

Money continued to show its recent strength, and again loane I to-day on call at seven per cent, currency and gold, with exceptional transactions, born of the excitement which grew out of reported failures, at 1-32 per diem. The close of the day, however, showed a decline to five and six per cent. Perhaps the wish is father to the thought, but an impression prevails that a much larger outflow of currency to the West will not take place. Hence, that stringency will not come from that source. It is not to be forgotten, however, that other depleting influences will be at work in course of time, which warrants extreme caution in making preparations for the winter. Foreign exchange was steady early in the day at 107 a 107% for prime 60-day bills and 108% a 108% a 108% a 108% a 108% for sight. Later an advance took place to 108% a 108% for 60-day sterling and 109% for demand. Con-

cessions were made from these rates. THE NEW YORK WAREHOUSE AND SECURITY COM-Much comment was elicited in Wall street and

the vicinity to-day by the prevalent rumors with reference to the financial difficulties that have been suddenly encountered by the above institution. They were whispered as long ago as Friday, when the late & haries Lamonte—who met an undence on Friday night—informed some of his friends that he had "sold short" of the market in anticipation of a serious announcement that would involve the credit of both individuals and a company; but it was not until to-day that the fact consummation (so frequently delayed until the last moment) was made public. The circumstances are more fully detailed in another column; hence they meed be only briefly stated here. It appears that the company above named have loaned money and credit to various railroad enterprises in the Southwest, and that the debtors have been unable to respond according to contract, which, therefore, renders the company unable to meet other engagements nearer home. The capital of the company is said to be \$1,000,000, and its business was to lend its paper on securities. The President is Mr. H. A. Johnson, the Secretary Mr. D. B. Bell. Two of the most influential members in its directory are Messrs. Francis Skiddy and Sheppard Gandy, both of whose names were bandled about the street in connection with reports of failure and suspension. Such reports, however, may do injustice to both of these gentlemen, and until further proof of the same is adduced it will be only honorable to withhold judgment. Meanwhile a meeting of the creditors is appointed for Thursday, when more light will doubtless be thrown upon the matter. The effect of the announcement on the Stock Exchange was only temporary. It is understood for an extension of time, and believe they will yet come out all right.

The course of these securities was somewhat drregular, owing to the eccentric movements of exchange and the apparent cownward tendency of gold. We quote closing prices, offered and asked, as follows:—United States sixes, 1881, coupon, 118 a 119; do. five-twenties, coupon, 1862, 114 a 115; do., do., 1864, 114 a 115; do. sixes, five-twenties, coupon, 1868, 115 a 11616; do., ten-forties, coupon, 112 a 113; new fives, 112% a 113; Pacific sixes, 113% a 113%; United States five-twenties, coupon, 1865, 115% a 116; do., do., new, 114% a 115; do., do., 1867, 116% at 117.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES Not much comment is to be added to the stereotyped condition of this market which has been reported from day to day for weeks past. The only sales at the Board to-day were of old. Tennessed sixes at 81%. A sharp effort has recently been made, and is being continued, to "bull" the market on the strength of the decision of the Supreme Court of South Carolina ordering a-tax to be levied for the benefit of certain alleged fraudulent bonds. to the end that certain holders of some of the new issues of South Carolina may escape from loss. A vast number of people have been swindled in New York by these securities, not a few of whom are persons who held funds in trust for widows and orphans, to say nothing of institutions which reposed faith in the ancien honor of the Palmetto State. Unfortunately, however, this honor is now in the keeping of people who do not know the meaning of the word, or knowing it, have played the rôle of thieves. It is at last discovered that the sum total of public debt owned by the actual citizens of South Carolina does not exceed \$250,000, and it is intimated that the party in power are now anxious that an effort shall be made through an extra session of the Legislature to scale the debt and evade the collection of the tax that has been judicially imposed. The reason given is that these carpet-baggers and would-be legislators have ascertained—and the fact is undoubtedly true—that the collection of such a tax would prove fatal to the dominant political party in South Carolina, inasmuch as it would bring home to the negro voters (many of whom now possess lands) their interest in the economical and honest management of the State government. The history of Southern finances has yet to be written, and, when it appears, no State will show Happily the fault does not lie at the door of her

intelligent citizens. The following were the quetations to-day:—Tennessee sixes, new, 89%; Georgia sevens, new, 89; North Carolina sixes, old, 27%; do. do. Funding act, 1866, 15; do. do., 1868. 15; do. special tax, 11; South Carolina sixes, 27½; do., do., April and October, 23; Louisiana sixes, levee, 55; do., eights, do., 55; Alabama fives, 1883, 45; do. do., 1886, 45; Arkansas sixes, Funding act,

GOLD LOWER AND PLUCTUATING. The gold market to-day was the scene of much animation, bulls and bears struggling with more than usual vehemence for the supremacy, the latter, however, successful, inasmuch as they reduced the price from 112% to 112, with a close at 112%. The transactions were very considerable and the clearings the largest made since the day preceding Black Friday, when the aggregate was \$325,000,000. The following were the fluctuations of the day:-

10 A. M......

The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:-
 Gold balances
 \$3,230,984

 Currency balances
 3,882,844

 Gross clearances
 212,726,000

THE UNITED STATES TREASURY. The balances in the United States Treasury at the close of business to-day were:—

\$623,333. The receipts from customs at this port amounted to \$540,000. The Assistant Treasurer paid out \$55,000 on account of interest and \$200,000 in redemption of five-twenty bonds.

BAILROAD BONDS were noticeably firm and the sales indicative of activity. It is a singular and yet not an unnatural fact that, while prices of stocks fluctuate in the course of speculation, and even government bonds yield in sympathy to the changes in gold, railroad bonds generally hold their own, and testify by this exhibition of strength the confidence leit by the public in this class of securities. We quote to-day the following sales:-Lake Shore consols, coupen, 95; Central Pacific gold bonds, 100¼ a 100 a 100¼; Union Pacific Railroad first mortgage bonds, 80¼; do. tens, income do., 59¼; Western Pacific bonds, 923; Hannibal and St. Joseph eights, convertible bonds, 85; Quincy and Toledo first mortgage do., 911; Morris and Essex second mortgage do., 99; Onto and Mississippi consolidated do., 91; Milwaukee and St. Paul eights, first do., 106%; Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Central, first mortgage do., 89%; do. do., second do. do., 69; Boston, Hartford and Eric first mortgage do., 30%; Cedar Falls and Minnesota do. do., 77; Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota do. do., 86; Louisville and Nashville consolidated do., 98; Toledo and Wabash first mortgage St. Louis dividend, 89%. The following were the bids as amended at the

The following were the bids as amended at the call:

New York Cen Us. [35], [22]
New York Cen Us. [37], [31],
New York Cen Us. [37], [31],
New York Cen Us. [38], [38],
New York Cen Us. [38], [38], [38], [38], [38], [38],
New York Cen Us. [38], [

RAILROAD EARNINGS. The condition of railroads at the end of each month is always an important subject of consideration to the many share and bond holders interested. It may be a consoling fact to all such to favorable. The grain movements have been early and large, and other business indicates an imand large, and other business indicates provement at once profitable and promising. The following are the gross earnings for August :-

Chicago and Northwestern. 1,196,703
Erie 1,252,243
Illinois Central 763,256
Ind., Bloom. and Western 117,408
Kansas Pacific 349,382
Lake Shore and Mich South'n 1,440,572
Mitwaukee and St. Paul 566,728
Michigan Central 580,609
Marietta and Cincinnati 165,780
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 171,945
Ohio and Mississipp 283,038
Pacific of Missouri 316,699
St. Louis, Aiton and T. H 125,537
St. Louis, Aiton and T. H 227,522
St. Louis Anasas City and Mo. 227,522
St. Louis and Iron Mountain 194,150
Tolede, Peoria and Warsaw 127,852

close of the day. Then a reaction set in, and a general rally ensued. About 211,000 shares were old, chief among which were Western Union, 74.100; Union Pacific, 10.900; Wabash, 6.100; Pacific Mail, 30,500; Ohio and Mississippi, 13,100; New York Central, 17,800; St. Paul, 6,200; Lake Shore, 23,900; Erie, 6,510; Northwest, 2,500; Rock Island, 9,600; C., C. and I. C., 3,000. The decline in the early part of the day was from 1/2 to 2 per cent, the recovery in about the same proportion. The principal changes were as follows:-Western Union sold from 90% to 88%, rallying to 90%, and closing at 42% a 42%; Rock Island at 107 a 105% a 107%; Centrai declined to 102%, advanced to 104% and closed at 104%; Lake Shore opened at 91%, went to 90% and closed at 911/4; Union Pacific went from 26 to 24% and closed at 25%; Ohio and Mississippi was firm at 37% a 37% a 38% a 38% a 38% a 38%; Northwest common sold at 60% a 59% a 61, do. preferred at 77% a 79, St. Paul at 46% a 46% a 48 a 47%, C. C. and I C. at 281/4 a 29, Erie at 581/4 a 581/4 a 581/4 a 53%; Wabash opened at 65%, sold down to 64% and improved to 65. The rest of the changes were im-

material. HIGHEST AND LOWEST. The following table shows the highest and lowest Prices of the day:—

Prices of the day:—

New York Central and Hudson

Hiver stock consolidated... 104½

Erie... 56½

Lake Shore... 91½

Wabash... 65½

Wabash... 61

Lake Shore 91% 90%
Wabash 65% 64%
Northwestern 61% 65% 64%
Northwestern 79 77%
Rock Island 107% 105%
Milwaukee and St. Paul 1976 69 60
Ohio and Mississippi 38% 37%
Union Pacific 26 28 24%
C., C. and I. C. 29 28%
Western Union 90% 88%
The earnings of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway
Company for the month of August Were—
In 1872 2301,998 In 1873. \$301,998 In 1872. 294,243

\$5000 US 5-20, c, '45, n. 115% \$1500 US 5-20, c, '45, n. 115% 10 A. M.—Before Call.

First Board-19:30 A. M.

\$5000 Tenn 6°s, old. \$15\frac{1}{5}\$ 200 shs Pac M SS Co. c. 10000 N Y S 7's, B L, r. 105 500 do. ... 10000 L Shore con c. 95 100 do. ... 10000 L Shore con c. 95 100 do. ... 10000 L Shore con c. 95 100 do. ... 1000 do. ... 100 855 1000 6 855 1000 6 851 20 6 85 1700 do 6 851 400 do 6 851 400 do 6 851 30 do 6 851 30

12:30 P. M .- Refore Call.

Second Board-I P. M. \$2000 Cen Pac gold b.. 1 2000 Un Pac 1st m... 3000 P, Ft W & C 2d.. 1 50 shs M & Trad's Bk. 1 200 U S Express.... 400 Eric RR..... b c

DOMESTIC MARKETS

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Flour Firmer - Wheat Quiet - Corn Fairly Active-Outs in Speculative Demand-"Spot" Cotton Higher-"Fu-tures" Lower-Coffee Strong-Sugar Firm-Naval Stores and Petroleum Quiet-Freights Quiet.

MONDAY, Sept. 8-6 P. M. The week opened with firm markets for almost all descriptions of merchandise and a good degree of activity prevailed. Dry goods were in good re quest and the market was sustained. On 'Change flour was strong. Wheat was quiet, the decline in gold and the enhanced views of holders precluding business to any extent. Corn was fairly active at unchanged figures, except for choice high mixed, which sold rather better. Oats were decidedly higher, under an active speculative inquiry. Whiskey was also held up under a better demand. The demand for "spot" cotton was good and prices improved, while "futures" declined a trifle. Groceries, naval stores and petroleum

were in general features without decided change.

Corron on the spot was fairly active at an advance of fully 3/c, per lb, for all grades, with but few sellers at the improvement. For future delivery the transactions were to a fair extent at an advance of 1-16c., which was sub-sequently lost, closing with more sellers than buyers, at a trife under the rates current at the close of Saturday's markot. We quote:—

Family
St. Louis, low extra
St. Louis, straight extra
St. Louis, straight extra
St. Louis, choice double extra
St. Louis, choice family
California
Rye dour

teres at the continued decline in gold served to check business in 73c.; fair to gold at a raw sugar, and in absence of transactions under the served to the continued to the co

Galveston, Sept 8, 1873.

Cotton quiet and firm: middlings, 1846.; Iow middlings, 1736.

Loston, Sept 8, 1873.

God ordinary, 1536. Net receipt, 735 bales; gross, 1,050.

Sales, 100. Stock, 6,921.

Moselle, Sept 8, 1873. MORILE, Sept. 8, 1873.

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Morile Cotton active and firm: middlings, 18%c. Net receipt 425 bales. Exports coastwise. 982. Sales, 150. Stock, 1,41 Cotton firm for good grades: mid-lings, 1840. 8106k, 1,417.

Cotton firm for good grades: mid-lings, 1840. a 1854.2.; low mid-lings, 1740. a 180.; good ordinary, 1640. Not receipts, 491 bales Exports coastwise, 712. Sales, 100. 8106k, 3,718.

receipts, 491 bales. Exports constwise, 712. Sales, 100. Stock, 3,718.

Shirits of turnentine steady at 29c. Rosin steady at 32 50 for strained, \$3.874 a 34 for pale. Crede turpentine—\$2 for heard, \$2.58 a 33.35 for yellow dip and virgin. Tar dull and declining; sales at \$2.85.

Flour is in good demand and the market steady; sales 2,80 bbls, at \$7.75 or No. 1 spring, \$5.75 for amber winter, \$3.02 50 for double extra. Wheat duil; sales 1,000 bushels for double extra. Wheat duil; sales 1,000 bushels prime white Canada at \$1.85. Corn irm; sales 2,000 bushels at \$25 for unboited, per cwt. Militeed steady; salorts \$17.5 shipstinds, \$18; middlings, \$20 per ton. Canal freights—Wheat, 7.56.; corn and rye, 63c. to New York. Ratiroad freights have advanced; flour to Philadelphia and Roston, 60c.; to New York, 50c.; to Athany, 42c. Receipts—\$3.400 bushels wheat, 2,47,000 feet of lumber. Shipments—1,400 bbls. flour, 12,300 bushels wheat, 2,200,000 lect of lumber.

ments—1, 90 bbls. flour, 1a, 20 bushels wheat. 2, 256, 60 teet of lumber.

Lake and rail imports for the last forty-eight hours—Plour, 16, 95 bbls.; wheat, 437, 31 bushels; corn, 134, 762 do.; oats, 62, 507 do. canal shipments—Wheat, 284, 94 bushels; corn, 29, 175 do.; oats, 6, 350 do.; rye, 8, 30) do. cats, 9, 9, 12 do.; oats, 6, 12 do.; oats,

Canada, \$1.30. Provisions unchanged.

Flour—Demand light; holders firm; sales of extra spring at \$5.50 a \$1.37\cdots. Wheat quiet and weak; sales of extra spring at \$5.50 a \$1.37\cdots. Wheat quiet and weak; sales of No. 1 spring at \$1.20; No. 2 do. at \$1.15\cdots a \$

FAILS BOURSE.—LONDON, SEPI. 8—3:30 P. M.—Advlees from Paris quote rentes at 561. 20c. 4—French rentes, 481. 15c.

Lyverdool. Cotton Market.—Liverdool. Sept. 8—5 P. M.—Of the sales to-day 10,000 bales were American. Sales of uplands, new crop shipments, on the basis of good ordinary, at 35'd.; do., new crop delivery, on the basis of good ordinary, deliverable October and November, at 95'd. The sales on Saturday were 10,000 bales, 3,000 of which were sold after the regular closing of the market. The market is brown the Midding uplands, 75'd.; middling Orienns, 95'd. a 95'd. Sales 18,000 bales, including \$3.000 for speculation and export. Sales of uplands, on the basis of low middlings, deliverable September, at 55'd.; do., on the basis of low middlings, deliverable November, at 94. Sales of Orienns, new crop slapments, on the basis of good ordinary, at 95'd.

Liverdool. Breadstudy Market.—Liverdool., Sept. 8—1. M.—The market to breadstuffs is steady.

Liverdool. Breadstudy Sales at Liver.—Liverdool., Sept. 8—1. M.—The market to breadstuffs is steady.

Liverdool. Breadstudy Sales of Control of the Market.—Liverdool., Sept. 8—1. M.—The market to breadstuffs is steady.

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FINANCIAL.

A. JAY COOKE & CO., No. 20 Wall street, New York.

London, Paris, Berlin, Prankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers, Circular Letters, Commercial Credits,

Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO., 41 Lombard street, London. Cable Transfers upon Vienna direct.

A TREASONABLE RATES—MONEY ON LIFE AND Endowment Insurance Policies, Mortgages and other securities. Insurance of all kinds effected with best companies. J. J. HABRICH & CO., 117 Broadway.

A.-LAPSLEY & BAZLEY, BROKERS, 74 BROAD-on all contracts; explanatory circular mailed to any ad-dress. Full information on application. A GOOD SECOND MORTGAGE ON BROOKLYN
Property of \$500 for sale; price \$400, Will call on
parties addressing NEEDY, Herald office.

A -MORTGAGES.-IF YOU WISH TO SELL OR BUY
A a Mortgage, call or write. We deal only with principals.

LIVINGSTON & CO., 79 Codar street. K EITH NICKEL PLATING STOCK,—WE WILL SELL 210 Shares September II, at hair-past twelve o'clock at Exchange Salesroom, by Nicolay, auctioneer. TITUS & JORDAN, Attorneys for owners.

OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH, No. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, Sept. S, 1873.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad is now completed and in regular operation. To increase its equipment and perfect its terminal facilities and deep-water connections with European steamship lines, and to accommodate the heavy coal and mineral traffic, together with the growing iron and miscellaneous local and through business now pressing upon the line, we are selling, on behalf of the company, a limited amount of their seven per cent Gold Bonds, secured by mortgage liens on the whole valuable property, at 90 and accrued interest; \$1,000 each, coupon or registered, payable, principal and interest, in gold coin, in New York city; interest January and

We also have a small amount of the old six per cent gold bonds of the Cheapeake and Ohio; price 83% and accrued interest; denominations \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, interest payable in New York city May and November.

The property has cost already upwards of \$38,003,000. It is worth to-day a much larger sum and is constantly increasing in value. We can recommend both classes of bonds, which are selling rapidly, with great confihence.

We also continue to deal in Government and Central Pacific and Western Pacific Bonds, execute orders at the Stock Exchange for investment Stocks and Bonds, receive Deposits, on which we allow interest at the rate of four per cent per annum, and conduct a general bank-FISK & HATCH.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN Railway Company, 74 and 76 Wall street, New York, August 15, 1573—Notice is hereby given that the coupons of the second mortgage bonds, due September 1 next, will be payable on and after that date, at the office of the company.

AMES B. HODOSKIN, Treasurer,

WE BAYE FUNDS FOR FIRST, SECOND AND good Leasshold Mortgages on City Property, vacant or improved. Principals, with papers, call on SAWARD & LEAVITT, 64 Wall street.

\$2.000 WANTED-ON UNIMPROVED PROP-erly near the city of New York, worth \$6,900; liberal bonus paid. Principals only address REAL ESTATE, Heraid Uptown Branch office. \$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE OF CHY Property.

JACOB SHARPE, 149 Broadway.

\$52,000-TO LOAN ON NEW YORK PROPERTY, mortgages. Call with papers, to avoid delay.

SPENGER C. BOTY, Attorney, 23 Union square.

\$92.000-FOR BOND AND MORTGAGE AND For Second Mortgages, New York and Brooklyn; \$36,000 for Harlem.
W. D. & F. BARTLES, 56 Wall street.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—THE FIRM of Brown Bros., in New York and Paterson, N. J., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Joseph J. Brown will continue the business in Paterson, N. J., and Manheim Brown will continue the business in New York NEW YORK, Sept. 1, 1873.

THE FIRM OF PEIGNE & ZACHARTS IS HEEBY dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Pytgme to continue the business, in his name, at the old phyce, 24 East Fourth atreet.

New York. Sept. 6, 1873.

FLURRY IN WALL STREET.

Failure of the New York Warehouse and Security Company-Reported Suspension of Francis Skiddy and Sheppard Gandy-Interviews with the Interested Parties-Are Coming Events Casting Their Shadows Before?

of Wall and Pine streets yesterday, and a stac of feverish excitement existed for a longt time, a report pervading the street that the New York Warehouse and Security Company had sus-pended payment and asked for an extension; also that Francis Skiddy and Sheppard Gandy, two heavy sugar operators, were somewhat em-barrassed. The sudden reflux in the gold market for several days past has caused lears of an impending crash in many a stout heart. The "beginning of the end" came yester-day, and although it might have been more extensive yet the dénouement is sufficient to indicate the great depression in Wall street affairs.

As early as noon yesterday a report was current that the above firms had failed, and it was so stated on 'Change. In order to ascertain the truth, and such other particulars as might be of interest to the public, a Herald reporter was despatched to seek an interview with the parties entioned in connection with the failures. The first place visited was

THE NEW YORK WAREHOUSE AND SECURITY COM-

at their office, No. 26 Pine street. Mr. H. A. Johnson, the President of the Company, is away and could not be seen. From the Secretary, Mr. D. B. Bell, the following statement was obtained:—The New York Wararehouse and Security Company, 26 Pine street, which has a capital of \$1,000,000 and a nominal surplus of \$600,000, and a part of whose business it is to lend its paper on securities, has been compelled to ask for an extension. It came about in this way :- Several Western ratiroad companies and construction companies building rairoads have borrowed the paper of the company and are unable to return the money obtained thereon in time for the company to protect this paper. The paper sold by the company is in strong hands, and the extension will, it is thought, be granted.

REPORTER-But the story on the street is that Francis Skiddy and Sheppard Gandy have also failed, and their financial embarrassment is as-

cribed to your institution.

Secretary—Messrs. Skiddy and Gandy are both directors of this company and two of the most influential men in our Board. If they have failed their liabilities cannot affect us in any way. meeting of our creditors has been called for next Thursday, when arrangements for resumption of business will be made at once. This company only asks for an extension, and, if granted, will be able to pay one hundred cents on the dollar.

REPORTER-lit is not an impertment question, will you allow me to ask you what was the cause of your suspension?

SECRETARY-This company has loaned money and its note: to railway and construction compa-nies and individual railroad builders in the South and Southwest, some of whom are not able to respond. For the money and paper loaned the company has what its managers consider ample secur-

ity in the shape of collaterais and endorsements. REPORTER-It is also stated that the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad Company has become involved in your company's failure? Secretary—As to that I cannot say. If you will

step over the way you can better ascertain for yourself as to the truth or falsity of the rumor. In such times as these rumors should not be relied on, especially when affairs in the money and stock markets look so shaky. REPORTER-Well, sir, for that very reason I have

called to learn from "headquarters" the exact state of affairs, and I thank you for your frank And the interview ended.

The HERALD representative then called at the

THE MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY COM-No. 7 Nassau street. It being after business hours

the reporter was shown into the office of the Secthe reporter was shown into the office of the Seoretary, who, in the absence of Judge Levi Parson, the President, answered in reply to a question as to the embarrassment of the company than any outstanding liabilities, and which are matured, would readily be paid on presentation. Their road was never in a more flourishing condition than at present. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway does not owe one cent to the New York Warehouse and Security Company. None of the company's paper has gone to protest, and the coupons have been regularly paid right along.

Reforefer—But it is stated that some of your

have been regularly paid right along.

REPORTER—But it is stated that some of your directors have been borrowing money on the bonds of your road from this same Security Company, and these directors are reported as having failed?

SECRETARY—The failure of any of our directors cannot in any way involve this road. Our securities are good, and if any of our time or demand obligations have been given out, and, as reported, protested, we are not aware of it. None or these have been presented here for payment and been roused honoring. You may state through the Herald that we are prepared to meet all cally made upon us promptly.

The reporter hereupon wended his way to the office of

SHEPPARD GANDY.

office of

SHEPPARD GANDY,

No. 60 Wall street. In the place of Mr. Gandy, however, only a boy was found, who said that Mr. Gandy had gone for the day—where, he did not know. Consequently no interview could be had with this gentleman.

The next objective point of operation of the Herald scout was the office of PRANCIS SKIDDY.

at No. 101 Wall street, whose reputed failure caused more wonderment on the street than that of the New York Warehouse and Security Company.

at No. 101 Wall street, whose reputed failure caused more wonderment on the street than that of the New York Warehouse and Security Company.

The Herald representative found Mr. Skiddy sitting in his office, corner Wall and Water streets, deeply engaged in earnest converse with a gentleman, cigar in mouth, looking rather nervous. Wating for a favorable opportunity, for a hall to occur in the contab of Mr. Skiddy, the reporter, forewarned of the reception he might expect to receive, put on "his politest air" and rapidly ran over the teachings of Lord Chesterfield, so as not to offend this mighty man. Hat in hand, Mr. Skiddy was accosted thus:—

REPORTER—"Is this Mr. Skiddy?"

Mr. Skiddy."

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy?"

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy?

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy?"

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy?"

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy?"

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy?

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy.

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy?

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy.

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy.

Mr. Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy of Skiddy.

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HOW A NUISANCE MAY BE DESTROYED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD :-

I do not claim to be a "philosopherable to invent a plan" for the annihilation of the "croton bug." But I gladly give my own experience, having been one of the greatest sufferers therefrom, and "sug-gest that others go and do likewise." Extreme cold, freezing weather will completely destroy the pest; extinguish fires, and remove everything that pest; extinguish fires, and remove everything that they feed upon, and I can safely warrant a speedy extermination, and "accept the thanks of the community." Powders, liquids and all compounds are simply 'bugs' of another kind. I will add that millions of bugs were found dead in one house on one of the cold free ring nights of last December; not a bug seen since. It is worth the trial of all house-keepers.

John Reilly, of Thirty-ninth street, near Eighth evenue, was stabbed in the shoulder, yesterday afternoon, by Joan Witter, of 335 Seventh avenue during an altercation in front of No. 335 Seventh avenue. Really was carried to his home by some riends, and Witter was arrested by Capt. McCultonsh. of the Twenty-ninth precinct bolice.